

## Hyperbola - Class XI

### Related Questions with Solutions

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#### Questions

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##### Question: 01

For the hyperbola  $\frac{x^2}{\cos^2 \alpha} - \frac{y^2}{\sin^2 \alpha} = 1$ , which of the following remains constant when  $\alpha$  varies?

- A. abscissae of vertices
- B. abscissae of foci
- C. eccentricity
- D. directrix

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#### Solutions

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##### Solution: 01

$$\because b^2 = a^2(e^2 - 1) \Rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = \cos^2 \alpha (e^2 - 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow \tan^2 \alpha + 1 = e^2 \Rightarrow e^2 = \sec^2 \alpha$$

$$\text{Vertices} \equiv (\pm \cos \alpha, 0)$$

$$\text{Coordinate of foci are } (\pm ae, 0) \equiv (\pm 1, 0)$$

$\Rightarrow$  if  $\alpha$  varies then the abscissa of foci remain constant.

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#### Correct Options

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Answer:01

Correct Options: B