

Trigonometric Functions - Class XI

Related Questions with Solutions

Questions

Question: 01

In cyclic quadrilateral $ABCD$, if $\cot A = \frac{3}{4}$ and $\tan B = \frac{-12}{5}$, then which of the following is(are) correct?

A. $\sin D = \frac{12}{13}$

B. $\sin(A + B) = \frac{16}{65}$

C. $\cos D = \frac{-5}{13}$

D. $\sin(C + D) = \frac{-16}{65}$

Solutions

Solution: 01

$$\cot A = \frac{3}{4} \Rightarrow \cot(\pi - C) = \frac{3}{4} \Rightarrow \cot C = \frac{-3}{4}$$

$\Rightarrow C$ is obtuse angle.

$$\therefore \sin C = \frac{4}{5} \text{ and } \cos C = \frac{-3}{5}$$

$$\tan B = \frac{-12}{5} \Rightarrow \tan D = \frac{12}{5}$$

$\Rightarrow D$ is acute angle.

$$\therefore \sin D = \frac{12}{13} \text{ and } \cos D = \frac{5}{13}$$

Hence, $\sin[C + D] = \sin C \cdot \cos D + \cos C \cdot \sin D$

$$= \left(\frac{4}{5}\right) \left(\frac{5}{13}\right) + \left(\frac{-3}{5}\right) \left(\frac{12}{13}\right)$$

$$= \frac{20 - 36}{65} = \frac{-16}{65}$$

Also, $\sin[A + B] = \sin[2\pi - [C + D]]$

$$= -\sin(C + D) = \frac{16}{65}$$

Correct Options

Answer:01

Correct Options: A, B, D