

Matrices and Determinants - Class XII

Related Questions with Solutions

Questions

Question: 01

Let $A_1, A_2, A_3, \dots, A_7$ be skew-symmetric matrices of same order. Then $1(A_1) + 3(A_2)^3 + 5(A_3)^5 + \dots + 13(A_7)^{13}$ is

- A. symmetric
- B. skew-symmetric
- C. neither symmetric nor skew-symmetric
- D. none of these

Solutions

Solution: 01

Let $B = A_1 + 3(A_2)^3 + \dots + 13(A_7)^{13}$, then

$$B^T = -[A_1 + 3(A_2)^3 + \dots + 13(A_7)^{13}] = -B \quad \left[\because (A^T)^n = (A^n)^T, n \in N \right]$$

So, B is skew-symmetric.

Correct Options

Answer:01

Correct Options: B