

Past Year JEE Questions

Questions

Question: 01

If $A = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$, then the matrix A^{-50} when $\theta = \frac{\pi}{12}$ is equal to :

A. $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix}$

B. $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{-1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$

C. $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix}$

D. $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$

Solutions

Solution: 01

Explanation

$$(A^{-50}) = (A^{-1})^{50}$$

We know,

$$A^{-1} = \frac{\text{adj} A}{|A|}$$

$$|A| = \cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1$$

$$\text{cofactor of } A = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

Adjoint of A = Transpose of cofactor matrix

$$\therefore \text{Adj } A = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore (A^{-1})^2 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos 2\theta & \sin 2\theta \\ -\sin 2\theta & \cos 2\theta \end{bmatrix}$$

Similarly,

$$(A^{-1})^3 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos 3\theta & \sin 2\theta \\ -\sin 3\theta & \cos 3\theta \end{bmatrix}$$

:

:

:

$$(A^{-1})^{50} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos 50\theta & \sin 50\theta \\ -\sin 50\theta & \cos 50\theta \end{bmatrix}$$

when $\theta = \frac{\pi}{12}$ then

$$A^{-50} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \frac{25\pi}{6} & \sin \frac{25\pi}{6} \\ -\sin \frac{25\pi}{6} & \cos \frac{25\pi}{6} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

Note:

$$\cos \frac{25\pi}{6} = \cos(4\pi + \frac{\pi}{6}) = \cos \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$