

QUES 05:-

A geostationary satellite orbits around the earth in a circular orbit of radius 36,000km. Then, the time period of a spy satellite orbiting a few hundred km above the earth's surface ( $R = 6,400\text{km}$ ) will approximately be

- (a) (1/2)hr
- (b) 1 hr
- (c) 2 hr
- (d) 4 hr

**Solution**

According to Kepler's law,  $T^2 \propto R^3$

$$\text{Therefore, } \left(\frac{T_2}{T_1}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{R_2}{R_1}\right)^3$$

For a spy satellite time period is given by  $T_1$

$$R_1 = 6400 \text{ km}$$

For a geostationary satellite,  $T_2 = 24\text{hour}$

$$R_2 = 36,000 \text{ km}$$

$$\left(\frac{24}{T_1}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{36000}{6400}\right)^3$$

$$(24/T_1)^2 = 178$$

$$(24/T_1) = 13.34$$

$$T_1 = 24/13.34 \approx 2\text{hr}$$

**Answer: (c) 2 hr**