

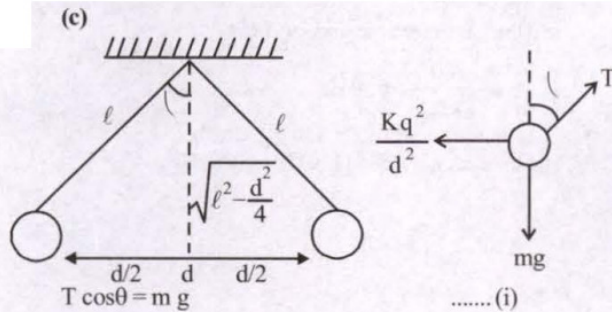
QUES 06:-

Two identical tennis balls each having mass 'm' and charge 'q' are suspended from a fixed point by threads of length 'l'. What is the equilibrium separation when each thread makes a small angle 'θ' with the vertical ?

[July 27, 2021 (I)]

- (a) $d = \left(\frac{q^2 l}{2\pi\epsilon_0 m g} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ (b) $d = \left(\frac{q^2 l}{2\pi\epsilon_0 m g} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
(c) $d = \left(\frac{q^2 l^2}{2\pi\epsilon_0 m^2 g} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$ (d) $d = \left(\frac{q^2 l^2}{2\pi\epsilon_0 m^2 g^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

SOL:-



$$\text{Force due to charges} = \frac{kq^2}{d^2}$$

$$T \sin \theta = \frac{kq^2}{d^2} \quad \text{..... (ii)}$$

From (i) and (ii) we get

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\frac{kq^2}{d^2}}{m g}$$

$$\text{as } \tan \theta \approx \sin \theta \approx \frac{d}{2l}$$

$$\frac{kq^2}{m g d^2} = \frac{d}{2l}$$

$$\Rightarrow d^3 = \frac{2kq^2 l}{m g}$$

$$\Rightarrow d = \left(\frac{2kq^2 l}{m g} \right)^{1/3}$$