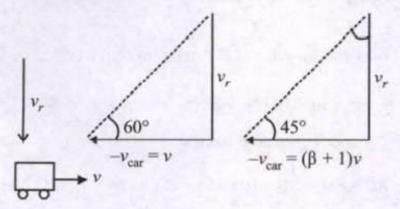
A block of 200 g mass moves with a uniform speed in a horizontal circular groove, with vertical side walls of radius 20 cm. If the block takes 40 s to complete one round, the normal force by the side walls of the groove is:

[March 16, 2021 (I)]

- (a) $9.859 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{N}$
- (b) $9.859 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N}$
- (c) $6.28 \times 10^{-3} \text{ N}$
- (d) 0.0314N

ans (d) The given situation is shown in the diagram. Here v_r be the velocity of rain drop.



When car is moving with speed v,

$$\tan 60^{\circ} = \frac{v_r}{v} \qquad \dots (i$$

When car is moving with speed $(1+\beta)\nu$,

$$\tan 45^\circ = \frac{v_r}{(\beta + 1)v} \qquad \dots (ii)$$

Dividing (i) by (ii) we get,

$$\sqrt{3}v = (\beta + 1)v \Rightarrow \beta = \sqrt{3} - 1 = 0.732.$$