

2. The amount of heat needed to raise the temperature of 4 moles of a rigid diatomic gas from 0°C to 50°C when no work is done is _____. (R is the universal gas constant)

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- (a) 250 R (b) 750 R
(c) 175 R (d) 500 R

ans (d) Given,
Change in temperature,
 $\Delta T = 50\text{K}$
Specific heat at constant volume for diatomic gas,

$$C_v = \frac{5R}{2}$$

As work done = 0. It means the process is isochoric
Using first law of thermodynamics, $Q = \Delta U + W$
 $\Rightarrow Q = \Delta U$

$$= nC_v\Delta T = 4 \times \frac{5R}{2} \times 50 = 500R$$