

QUES 04:-

A coil having  $N$  turns is wound tightly in the form of a spiral with inner and outer radii  $a$  and  $b$  respectively. When a current  $I$  passes through the coil, the magnetic field at the centre is [2001] (M)

- (a)  $\frac{\mu_0 N I}{b}$  (b)  $\frac{2\mu_0 N I}{a}$   
 (c)  $\frac{2\mu_0 N I}{2(b-a)} \ln \frac{b}{a}$  (d)  $\frac{2\mu_0 N I}{2(b-a)} \ln \frac{a}{b}$

(e) Let us consider an element of thickness  $dx$  of wire. Let it be at a distance  $x$  from the centre  $O$ .



Number of turns per unit length =  $\frac{N}{b-a}$

$\therefore$  Number of turns in thickness  $dx = \frac{N}{b-a} dx$   
 Magnetic field due to this small element at  $O$

$$dB = \frac{\mu_0}{2} \frac{NI}{(b-a)} \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$B = \int_a^b \frac{\mu_0}{2} \frac{NI}{(b-a)} \frac{dx}{x} = \frac{\mu_0}{2} \frac{NI}{(b-a)}$$

$$\int_a^b \frac{dx}{x} = \ln \frac{b}{a}$$

$$\therefore B = \frac{\mu_0}{2} \frac{NI}{(b-a)} \ln \frac{b}{a}$$