## QUES 04:-

An electron is moving along +x direction with a velocity of  $6 \times 10^6$  ms<sup>-1</sup>. It enters a region of uniform electric field of 300 V/cm pointing along +y direction. The magnitude and direction of the magnetic field set up in this region such that the electron keeps moving along the x direction will be:

[Main Sep. 06, 2020 (1)]

- (a)  $3 \times 10^{-4}$  T, along + z direction
- (b)  $5 \times 10^{-3}$  T, along z direction
- (c)  $5 \times 10^{-3}$  T, along + z direction
- (d)  $3 \times 10^{-4}$  T, along -z direction

4. (c) 
$$\vec{E} = 300\hat{j} \text{ V/cm} = 3 \times 10^4 \text{ V/m}$$

$$\vec{V} = 6 \times 10^6 \hat{i}$$

$$E \uparrow E = 300 \hat{j}$$

$$V/cm = 3 \times 10^4 \text{ V/m}$$

$$V = 6 \times 10^6 \hat{i}$$

 $\vec{B}$  must be in +z axis.

$$q\vec{E}+q\vec{V}\times\vec{B}=0$$

$$E = VB$$

$$\therefore B = \frac{E}{V} = \frac{3 \times 10^4}{6 \times 10^6} = 5 \times 10^{-3} T$$

Hence, magnetic field  $B = 5 \times 10^{-3}$  T along +z direction.