

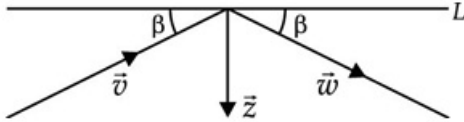
Vectors - Class XII

Related Questions with Solutions

Questions

Question: 01

The figure shows non-zero vectors  $\vec{v}$ ,  $\vec{w}$  and  $\vec{z}$  with  $\vec{z}$  orthogonal to the line  $L$ , and  $\vec{v}$  and  $\vec{w}$  making equal angles  $\beta$  with the line  $L$ . Assuming  $|\vec{v}| = |\vec{w}|$ , if the vector  $\vec{w}$  is expressed as a linear combination of  $\vec{v}$  and  $\vec{z}$  as  $\vec{w} = x\vec{v} + y\vec{z}$  then



- A.  $x = 1$
- B.  $x = \frac{v \sin \beta}{z}$
- C.  $y = 2$
- D.  $y = \frac{2v \sin \beta}{z}$

Solutions

Solution: 01

Let,  $|\vec{v}| = |\vec{w}| = v$ ,  $|\vec{z}| = z$

Given  $\vec{w} = x\vec{v} + y\vec{z}$

$$\vec{w} \cdot \vec{v} = |\vec{w}| \cdot |\vec{v}| \cos 2\beta = v^2 \cos 2\beta$$

$$\vec{w} \cdot \vec{z} = |\vec{w}| \cdot |\vec{z}| \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \beta\right) = vz \sin \beta$$

$$\vec{v} \cdot \vec{z} = |\vec{v}| |\vec{z}| \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \beta\right) = -vz \sin \beta$$

Now  $\vec{w} = x\vec{v} + y\vec{z}$

Taking dot product with  $\vec{v}$ , we get

$$\vec{w} \cdot \vec{v} = x\vec{v} \cdot \vec{v} + y\vec{z} \cdot \vec{v}$$

$$\Rightarrow v^2 \cos 2\beta = v^2x + y(-vz \sin \beta)$$

$$\Rightarrow (v)x - (z \sin \beta)y = v \cos 2\beta \quad \dots\dots\dots[i]$$

Taking dot product with  $\vec{w}$ , we get

$$\vec{w} \cdot \vec{w} = x\vec{v} \cdot \vec{w} + y\vec{z} \cdot \vec{w}$$

$$\Rightarrow v^2 = xv^2 \cos 2\beta + yvz \sin \beta$$

$$\Rightarrow (v \cos 2\beta)x + (z \sin \beta)y = v \quad \dots\dots\dots [ii]$$

Solving equation [i] and [ii], we have

$$x = 1 \text{ and } y = \frac{2v \sin \beta}{z}$$

Correct Options

Answer:01

Correct Options: A, D