

PROBLEM

The function $f(x) = \frac{\ln(\pi + x)}{\ln(e + x)}$ is (1995S)

- (a) increasing on $(0, \infty)$
- (b) decreasing on $(0, \infty)$
- (c) increasing on $(0, \pi/e)$, decreasing on $(\pi/e, \infty)$
- (d) decreasing on $0, \pi/e)$, increasing on $(\pi/e, \infty)$

SOLUTION

(b) We have $f(x) = \frac{\ln(\pi + x)}{\ln(e + x)}$

$$\therefore f'(x) = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\pi + x}\right) \ln(e + x) - \frac{1}{(e + x)} \ln(\pi + x)}{[\ln(e + x)]^2}$$

$$= \frac{(e + x) \ln(e + x) - (\pi + x) \ln(\pi + x)}{(e + x)(\pi + x) (\ln(e + x))^2}$$

< 0 on $(0, \infty)$ since $1 < e < \pi$

$\therefore f(x)$ decreases on $(0, \infty)$.