

## PROBLEM

Prove that  $\cos \tan^{-1} \sin \cot^{-1} x = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 + 2}}$ . (2002 - 5 Marks)

## SOLUTION

To prove that  $\cos \tan^{-1} \sin \cot^{-1} x =$

$$\text{L.H.S.} = \cos [\tan^{-1} (\sin (\cot^{-1} x))]$$

$$= \cos [\tan^{-1} (\sin (\sin^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}))] \text{ if } x > 0$$

$$\text{and } \cos [\tan^{-1} (\sin (\pi - \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}))] \text{ if } x < 0$$

In each case,

$$= \cos \left[ \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \right] = \cos [\cos^{-1}$$

$$= \quad = R.H.S. \quad \text{Hence Proved.}$$