

Question 9

3.7 g of a gas at 25°C occupied the same volume as 0.184g of hydrogen at 17°C and at the same pressure. What is the molecular weight of the gas? (1979)

$$\text{Given, moles} = \frac{\text{mass}}{\text{mol. wt}}$$

mass of gas = 3.7g, mass of hydrogen = 0.184g

$$T_1 = 298\text{K}, T_2 = 17^\circ\text{C} = 273 + 17 = 290\text{K}$$

$$\text{Moles of H}_2 = n_1 = \frac{\text{Mass}}{\text{M. wt.}} = \frac{0.184}{2} = 0.092$$

$$\text{Moles of gas} = n_2 = \frac{\text{Mass}}{\text{M. wt.}} = \frac{3.7}{M}$$

$$\text{For hydrogen } P_1 V_1 = n_1 R T_1 \quad \dots\dots(i)$$

$$\text{For gas } P_1 V_1 = n_2 R T_2 \quad \dots\dots(ii)$$

(∵ Pressure and volume of gas are same)

∴ From equation (i) and equation (ii)

$$\frac{P_1 V_1}{P_1 V_1} = \frac{n_1 R T_1}{n_2 R T_2} \text{ or } 1 = \frac{0.092 \times 298}{n_2 \times 290}$$

$$\text{or } n_2 = \frac{0.092 \times 298}{290} \text{ or } \frac{3.7}{M} = \frac{0.092 \times 298}{290}$$

$$\text{or } \frac{3.7}{M} = 0.0945 \therefore M = \frac{3.7}{0.0945} = \mathbf{39.15}$$