

In a series LCR circuit, the inductive reactance (X_L) is 10Ω and the capacitive reactance (X_C) is 4Ω . The resistance (R) in the circuit is 6Ω . The power factor of the circuit is : (JEE MAIN 2021)

- A $\frac{1}{2}$
- B $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- C $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- D $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$

2. In given LCR circuit;

$$X_L = 10\ \Omega, \quad X_C = 4\ \Omega, \quad R = 6\ \Omega$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore Z &= \sqrt{R^2 + (X_C - X_L)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{36 + 36} \end{aligned}$$

$$Z = 6\sqrt{2}\ \Omega$$

$$\therefore \text{Power factor i.e. } \cos\phi = \frac{R}{Z}$$

$$= \frac{6}{6\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\boxed{\cos\phi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}$$