Three charges Q, +q and +q are placed at the vertices of a right angle triangle (isosceles triangle) as shown. The net electrostatic energy of the configuration is zero, if Q is equal to

(A)
$$-q/1+\sqrt{2}$$

(B)
$$-2q/2+\sqrt{2}$$

$$(D) +q$$

Net electrostatic energy of the configuration will be

$$U = K \left[\frac{q.q}{a} + \frac{Q.q}{\sqrt{2}a} + \frac{Q.q}{a} \right]$$

Here,
$$K = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0}$$

Putting U = 0 we get, Q

$$= \frac{-2q}{2+\sqrt{2}}$$