

Question: -

In a ΔABC , $a : b : c = 4 : 5 : 6$. The ratio of radius of the circumcircle to that of the incircle is... . (1996, 1M)

Solution: -

$$\text{We have, } R = \frac{abc}{4\Delta} \quad \text{and} \quad r = \frac{\Delta}{s}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{R}{r} &= \frac{abc}{4\Delta} \cdot \frac{s}{\Delta} = \frac{abc \cdot s}{4\Delta^2} \\ &= \frac{abc}{4(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{But } a : b : c = 4 : 5 : 6 \quad \text{[given]}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a}{4} = \frac{b}{5} = \frac{c}{6} = k \quad \text{[let]}$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 4k, \quad b = 5k, \quad c = 6k$$

$$\text{Now, } s = \frac{1}{2}(a + b + c) = \frac{1}{2}(4k + 5k + 6k) = \frac{15k}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \frac{R}{r} &= \frac{(4k)(5k)(6k)}{4\left(\frac{15k}{2} - 4k\right)\left(\frac{15k}{2} - 5k\right)\left(\frac{15k}{2} - 6k\right)} \\ &= \frac{30k^3}{k^3\left(\frac{15-8}{2}\right)\left(\frac{15-10}{2}\right)\left(\frac{15-12}{2}\right)} = \frac{30 \cdot 8}{7 \cdot 5 \cdot 3} = \frac{16}{7} \end{aligned}$$