- **5.8** A body with mass 5 kg is acted upon by a force $\mathbf{F} = (-3\hat{\mathbf{i}} + 4\hat{\mathbf{j}})$ N. If its initial velocity at t = 0 is $\mathbf{v} = (6\hat{\mathbf{i}} 12\hat{\mathbf{j}})$ m s⁻¹, the time at which it will just have a velocity along the *y*-axis is
 - (a) never
 - (b) 10 s
 - (c) 2 s
 - (d) 15 s

(8)
$$m = 5 \text{ kg}$$
 $F = (-3i + 4j) N \implies \alpha = \frac{1}{5} (-3i + 4j) = \frac{1}{5}$
 $V = V = (6i - 12j) = 0$
 $V = V = (6i - 12j) = 0$
 $V = V = 0$
 $V = 0$