

## Tangent & Normal.

The value of derivative at  $P(x_1, y_1)$  gives the slope of the tangent to the curve at  $P$ .

$$f'(x_1) = \left. \frac{dy}{dx} \right|_{x_1, y_1} = m \text{ (slope)}$$

Equation of tangent at  $(x_1, y_1)$  is  $y - y_1 = \left. \frac{dy}{dx} \right|_{x_1, y_1} (x - x_1)$

Equation of Normal at  $(x_1, y_1)$  is  $y - y_1 = \frac{-1}{\left. \frac{dy}{dx} \right|_{x_1, y_1}} (x - x_1)$

The point  $P(x_1, y_1)$  will satisfy the equation of curve & the equation of tangent & normal line

$$dy = f'(x) dx$$

For independent variable  $x$ , increment  $\Delta x$  & differential  $dx$  are equal but this is not the case with the dependant variable  $y$ , i.e.  $\Delta y \neq dy$ .

if

$$y = f(x).$$

$$y + \Delta y = f(x + \Delta x) = f(x) + \frac{dy}{dx} \Delta x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = f'(x).$$