

12. The pressure that has to be applied to the ends of a steel wire of length 10 cm to keep its length constant when its temperature is raised by 100°C is:

(For steel Young's modulus is $2 \times 10^{11} \text{ Nm}^{-2}$ and coefficient of thermal expansion is $1.1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ K}^{-1}$) [2014]

(a) $2.2 \times 10^8 \text{ Pa}$

(b) $2.2 \times 10^9 \text{ Pa}$

(c) $2.2 \times 10^7 \text{ Pa}$

(d) $2.2 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa}$

12. (a) Young's modulus $Y = \frac{\text{stress}}{\text{strain}}$

$$\text{stress} = Y \times \text{strain}$$

Stress in steel wire = Applied pressure

$$\text{Pressure} = \text{stress} = Y \times \text{strain}$$

$$\text{Strain} = \frac{\Delta L}{L} = \alpha \Delta T$$

(As length is constant)

$$= 2 \times 10^{11} \times 1.1 \times 10^{-5} \times 100 = 2.2 \times 10^8 \text{ Pa}$$