

## Exemplar Problem with Solution :

**An experiment consists of rolling a die until a 2 appears.**

**(i) How many elements of the sample space correspond to the event that the 2 appears on the Ath roll of the die?**

Number of outcomes when die is thrown is '6'.

**Soln :** If 2 appears on the Ath roll of the die.

So, first (k -1) roll have 5 outcomes each and Kth roll results 2

Number of outcomes =  $5^{k-1}$

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**(ii) How many elements of the sample space correspond to the event that the 2 appears not later than the Ath roll of the die?**

**Soln :** If we consider that 2 appears not later than K th roll of the die, then 2 comes before Ath roll.

If 2 appears in first roll, number of ways = 1  
If 2 appears in second roll, number of ways

=  $5 \times 1$  (as first roll does not result in 2)

If 2 appears in third roll, number of ways

=  $5 \times 5 \times 1$  (as first two rolls do not result in 2)

Similarly if 2 appears in (k - l)th roll, number of ways =  $[5 \times 5 \times 5 \dots (k-1) \text{ times}] \times$

$1 = 5^{k-1}$  Possible outcomes if 2 appears before kth roll =  $1 + 5 + 5^2 + 5^3 + \dots + 5^{k-1}$