

If $0 < a, b < 1$, and $\tan^{-1}a + \tan^{-1}b = \pi/4$, then the value of

$(a + b) - \left(\frac{a^2+b^2}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{a^3+b^3}{3}\right) - \left(\frac{a^4+b^4}{4}\right) + \dots$ is

(1) $\log_e 2$

(2) $e^2 - 1$

(3) e

(4) $\log_e\left(\frac{e}{2}\right)$

Correct option is (1) $\log_e 2$

$$\tan^{-1}a + \tan^{-1}b = \pi/4 \quad 0 < a, b < 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a+b}{1-ab} = 1$$

$$a + b = 1 - ab$$

$$(a + 1)(b + 1) = 2$$

$$\text{Now } \left[a - \frac{a^2}{2} + \frac{a^3}{3} + \dots \right] + \left[b - \frac{b^2}{2} + \frac{b^3}{3} + \dots \right]$$

$$= \log_e(1 + a) + \log_e(1 + b)$$

$$(\because \text{expansion of } \log_e(1 + x))$$

$$= \log_e[(1 + a)(1 + b)]$$

$$= \log_e 2$$