### **Past Year JEE Questions**

#### **Questions**

# Quetion: 01

Let a point P be such that its distance from the point (5, 0) is thrice the distance of P from the point (-5, 0). If the locus of the point P is a circle of radius r, then  $4r^2$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Solutions**

#### **Solution: 01**

# Answer Correct Answer is **56**

## **Explanation**

Let P(h, k)

Given

$$PA = 3PB$$

$$PA^{2} = 9PB^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 (h - 5)<sup>2</sup> + k<sup>2</sup> = 9[(h + 5)<sup>2</sup> + k<sup>2</sup>]

$$\Rightarrow 8h^2 + 8k^2 + 100h + 200 = 0$$

∴ Locus

$$x^2 + y^2 + \left(\frac{25}{2}\right)x + 25 = 0$$

$$\therefore c \equiv \left(\frac{-25}{4}, 0\right)$$

$$\therefore r^2 = \left(\frac{-25}{4}\right)^2 - 25$$

$$=\frac{625}{16}-25$$

$$=\frac{225}{16}$$

$$\therefore 4r^2 = 4 \times \frac{225}{16} = \frac{225}{4} = 56.25$$

After Round of  $4r^2 = 56$