

17. If the roots of the quadratic equation  $x^2 + px + q = 0$  are  $\tan 30^\circ$  and  $\tan 15^\circ$ , respectively then the value of  $2 + q - p$  is

(2006)

- 1) 2      2) 3      3) 0      4) 1

Ans.

$$(2) \quad x^2 + px + q = 0$$

$$\tan 30^\circ + \tan 15^\circ = -p$$

$$\tan 30^\circ \cdot \tan 15^\circ = q$$

$$\tan 45^\circ = \frac{\tan 30^\circ + \tan 15^\circ}{1 - \tan 30^\circ \tan 15^\circ} = \frac{-p}{1 - q} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow -p = 1 - q$$

$$\Rightarrow q - p = 1 \quad \therefore 2 + q - p = 3$$