## Problems and Solutions

## Question 1: Determine the Taylor series at x=0 for $f(x) = e^x$

Solution: Given:  $f(x) = e^x$ 

Differentiate the given equation,

$$f'(x) = e^x$$

$$f''(x) = e^x$$

$$f'''(x) = e^x$$

At x=0, we get

$$f'(0) = e^0 = 1$$

$$f''(0) = e^0 = 1$$

$$f'''(0) = e^0 = 1$$

When Taylor series at x= 0, then the Maclaurin series is

$$f(x) = f(0) + f'(0)x + \frac{f''(0)}{2!}x^2 + \frac{f''(0)}{3!}x^3 + \dots$$

$$e^{x} = 1 + x(1) + (x^{2}/2!)(1) + (x^{3}/3!)(1) + ....$$

Therefore, 
$$e^x = 1 + x + (x^2/2!) + (x^3/3!) + ....$$