Q18. Out of the following pairs of electrons, identify the pairs of electrons present in degenerate orbitals:

- (a) (i) n = 3, l = 2, $m_l = -2$, $m_s = -1/2$ (ii) n = 3, l = 2, $m_l = -1$, $m_s = -1/2$
- (b) (i) n = 3, l = 1, $m_l = 1$, $m_s = +1/2$
- (ii) $n = 3, l = 2, m_l = 1, m_s = +1/2$
- (c) (i) n = 4, l = 1, $m_l = 1$, $m_s = +1/2$
- (ii) $n = 3, l = 2, m_l = 1, m_s = +1/2$
- (d) (i) n = 3, l = 2, $m_l = +2$, $m_s = -1/2$
- (ii)n = 3, l = 2, m₁ = +2, m_s = +1/2
- **Sol:** (a, d) Degenerate orbitals mean the orbitals of the same sub-shell of the same main shell, i.e., their n and I values are the same. Other two pairs have different values of n and I hence, cannot be having the same energy.