

**Question2:** The boiling point of water at 750 mm Hg is 99.63°C. How much sucrose is to be added to 500 g of water such that it boils at 100°C. Molal elevation constant for water is 0.52 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>.

**Answer :**

Here, elevation of boiling point  $\Delta T_b = (100 + 273) - (99.63 + 273)$

= 0.37 K

Mass of water,  $w_1 = 500$  g

Molar mass of sucrose ( $C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}$ ),  $M_2 = 12 \times 12 + 22 \times 1 + 11 \times 16$

= 342 g mol<sup>-1</sup>

Molal elevation constant,  $K_b = 0.52$  K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>

We know that:

$$\Delta T_b = \frac{K_b \times 1000 \times w_2}{M_2 \times w_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow w_2 = \frac{\Delta T_b \times M_2 \times w_1}{K_b \times 1000}$$

$$= \frac{0.37 \times 342 \times 500}{0.52 \times 1000}$$

= 121.67 g (approximately)

Hence, 121.67 g of sucrose is to be added.