

The radius of a right circular cylinder increases at the rate of 0.1 cm/min, and the height decreases at the rate of 0.2 cm/min. The rate of change of the volume of the cylinder, in  $\text{cm}^3/\text{min}$ , when the radius is 2 cm and the height is 3 cm is

a.  $-2\pi$

b.  $-\frac{8\pi}{5}$

c.  $-\frac{3\pi}{5}$

d.  $\frac{2\pi}{5}$

d. Given  $V = \pi r^2 h$ .

Differentiating both sides, we get

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \pi \left( r^2 \frac{dh}{dt} + 2r \frac{dr}{dt} h \right) = \pi r \left( r \frac{dh}{dt} + 2h \frac{dr}{dt} \right)$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{1}{10} \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{dh}{dt} = -\frac{2}{10}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \pi r \left( r \left( -\frac{2}{10} \right) + 2h \left( \frac{1}{10} \right) \right) = \frac{\pi r}{5} (-r + h)$$

Thus, when  $r = 2$  and  $h = 3$ ,

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{\pi(2)}{5} (-2 + 3) = \frac{2\pi}{5}$$