

Question 4) A wheel rotating with an angular speed of 600 rpm is given a constant acceleration of 1800 rpm² for 10 sec. The number of revolutions revolved by the wheel is

- (A) 125
- (B) 100
- (C) 75
- (D) 50

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}\omega_o &= 600 \text{ rpm} \\ \alpha &= 1800 \text{ rpm}^2 \\ t &= 10 \text{ sec} = \frac{1}{6} \text{ min} \\ \theta &= \omega_o t + \frac{1}{2} \alpha t^2 \\ \theta &= 600 \times \frac{10}{60} + \frac{1}{2} \times 1800 \times \frac{1}{36} \\ \theta &= 100 + 25 = 125 \text{ revolutions}\end{aligned}$$