The straight line $5x + 4y = 0$ passes through the point of intersection of the straight lines $x + 2y - 10 = 0$ and $2x + y + 5 = 0$.

[1983 - 1 Mark]

(True) Intersection point of $x + 2y - 10 = 0$ and $2x + y + 5 = 0$ is $\left(\frac{-20}{3}, \frac{25}{3}\right)$ which clearly satisfies the line $5x + 4y = 0$. Hence the given statement is true.