Exemplar Problem:

Q) The probability that atleast one of the two events A and B occurs is 0.6. If A and B occur simultaneously with probability 0.3, evaluate $P(\overline{A}) + P(\overline{B})$.

Soln: We know that, $A \cup B$ denotes the occurrence of atleast one of A and B and $A \cap B$ denotes the occurrence of both A and B, simultaneously.

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Thus, P(A \cup B) = 0.6 \text{ and } P(A \cap B) = 0.3

Also, P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)

\Rightarrow \qquad 0.6 = P(A) + P(B) - 0.3

\Rightarrow \qquad P(A) + P(B) = 0.9

\Rightarrow \qquad [1 - P(\overline{A})] + [1 - P(\overline{B})] = 0.9 [:: P(A) = 1 - P(\overline{A}) \text{ and } P(B) = 1 - P(\overline{B})]

\Rightarrow \qquad P(\overline{A}) + P(\overline{B}) = 2 - 0.9 = 1.1
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