

## Previous Year JEE Problems

According to Bohr's theory,

$$E_n = \text{Total energy} \quad K_n = \text{Kinetic energy}$$

$$V_n = \text{Potential energy} \quad r^n = \text{Radius of } n\text{th orbit}$$

Match the following : (2006, 6M)

| <b>Column I</b>  | <b>Column II</b> |
|--|------------------|
| A. $V_n / K_n = ?$                                     | p. 0             |
| B. If radius of $n$ th orbit $\propto E_n^x$ , $x = ?$ | q. -1            |
| C. Angular momentum in lowest orbital                  | r. -2            |
| D. $\frac{1}{r^n} \propto Z^y$ , $y = ?$               | s. 1             |

**Ans :**

$$\text{A. } V_n = -\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left( \frac{Ze^2}{r} \right)$$

$$K_n = \frac{1}{8\pi\epsilon_0} \left( \frac{Ze^2}{r} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_n}{K_n} = -2 \text{ --- (r)}$$

$$\text{B. } E_n = -\frac{Ze^2}{8\pi\epsilon_0 r} \propto r^{-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -1 \text{ --- (q)}$$

$$\text{C. Angular momentum} = \sqrt{l(l+1)} \frac{h}{2\pi} = 0 \text{ in } 1s\text{-orbital}$$

--- (p).

$$\text{D. } r_n = \frac{a_0 n^2}{Z} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r_n} \propto Z \text{ --- (s)}$$