

## Related Problem with Solution :

**Find (a) the total number and (b) the total mass of protons in 34 mg of  $\text{NH}_3$  at STP.**

**Ans :**

**Step I.** Calculation of total number of  $\text{NH}_3$  molecules

Gram molecular mass of ammonia ( $\text{NH}_3$ ) = 17 g =  $17 \times 10^3$  mg

$17 \times 10^3$  mg of  $\text{NH}_3$  have molecules =  $6.022 \times 10^{23}$

$$\begin{aligned} 34 \text{ mg of } \text{NH}_3 \text{ have molecules} &= \frac{6.022 \times 10^{23}}{(17 \times 10^3 \text{ mg})} \times (34 \text{ mg}) \\ &= 1.2044 \times 10^{20} \text{ molecules.} \end{aligned}$$

**Step II.** Calculation of total number and mass of protons

No. of protons present in one molecule of  $\text{NH}_3$  =  $7 + 3 = 10$ .

No. of protons present in  $1.2044 \times 10^{20}$  molecules of  $\text{NH}_3$  =  $1.2044 \times 10^{20} \times 10$   
=  $1.2044 \times 10^{22}$  protons

Mass of one proton =  $1.67 \times 10^{-27}$  kg

Mass of  $1.2044 \times 10^{22}$  protons =  $(1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}) \times 1.2044 \times 10^{22}$   
=  $2.01 \times 10^{-5}$  kg.

No, the answer will not change upon changing the temperature and pressure because only the number of protons and mass of protons are involved.