On the basis of the equation $pH = -\log [H^*]$, the pH of 10^{-8} mol dm⁻³ solution of HCl should be 8. However, it is observed to be less than 7.0. Explain the reason.

Concentration 10° mol dm⁻³ indicates that the solution is very dilute. So, we cannot neglect the contribution of H₃0⁺ ions produced from H₂0 in the solution. Total [H₃0⁺] = $10^{\circ} + 10^{-7}$ M. From this we get the value of pH close to 7 but less than 7 because the solution is acidic. From calculation, it is found that pH of 10° mol dm⁻³ solution of HC1 is equal to 6.96.