

at P

$$\begin{aligned}
 B &= \frac{2k' I \times 2}{a} - \frac{2k' I}{2a} \\
 &= \frac{\mu_0 I}{\pi a} - \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi a} \\
 &= \frac{3\mu_0 I}{4\pi a}
 \end{aligned}$$

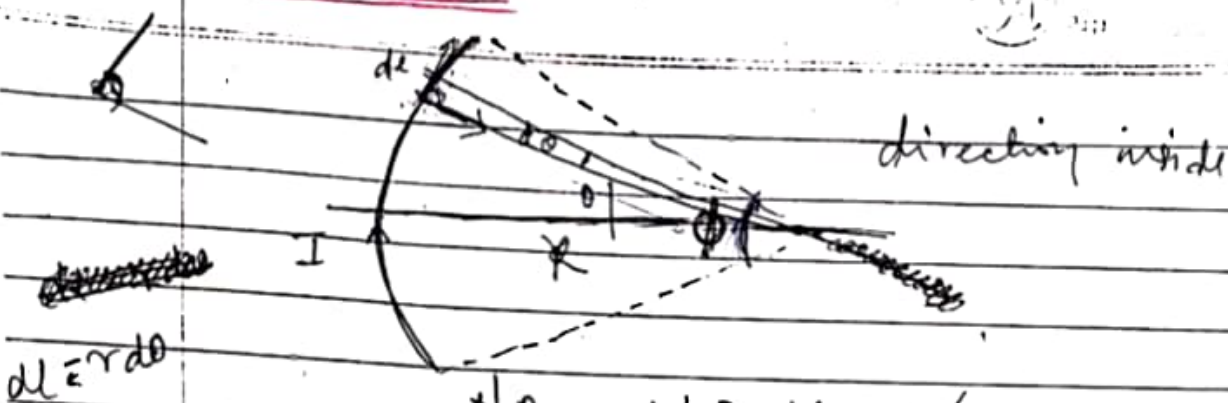
at Q

$$\begin{aligned}
 B &= \frac{2k' 2I}{\frac{a}{2}} + \frac{2k' I}{\frac{a}{2}} \\
 &= \frac{4 \times 2 \mu_0 I}{4\pi a} + \frac{4 \mu_0 I}{4\pi a} \\
 &= \frac{3\mu_0 I}{\pi a}
 \end{aligned}$$

~~B-R~~ at R

$$\begin{aligned}
 B &= \frac{2k' 2I}{2a} - \frac{2k' I}{a} \\
 &= \frac{\mu_0 I}{\pi 2a} - \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi a} \\
 &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

Circular Arc



$$dB = \frac{\mu_0 I dl \sin 90^\circ}{4\pi R^2}$$

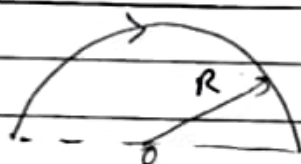
$$= \frac{\mu_0 I R d\theta}{4\pi R^2} = \left(\frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi R} \right) d\theta$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi R} \int d\theta = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi R} 2\alpha$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I \phi}{4\pi R}$$

Case 1 Semicircular loop

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4R} (\pi)$$



Case 2 Complete loop

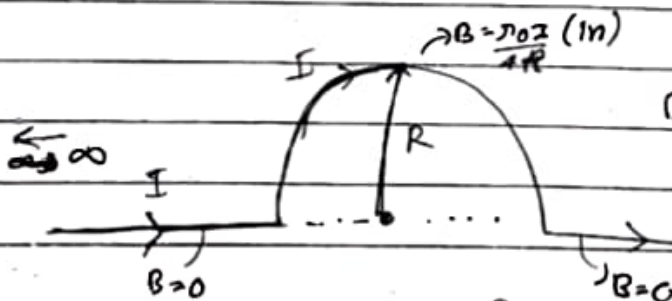
$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2R} (\pi)$$



$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$

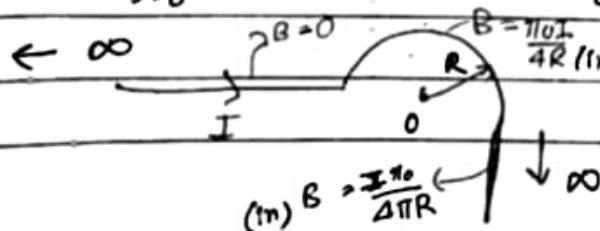
Q

1)



$$B = \frac{I \mu_0 \pi}{4\pi R} = \frac{I \mu_0}{4R}$$

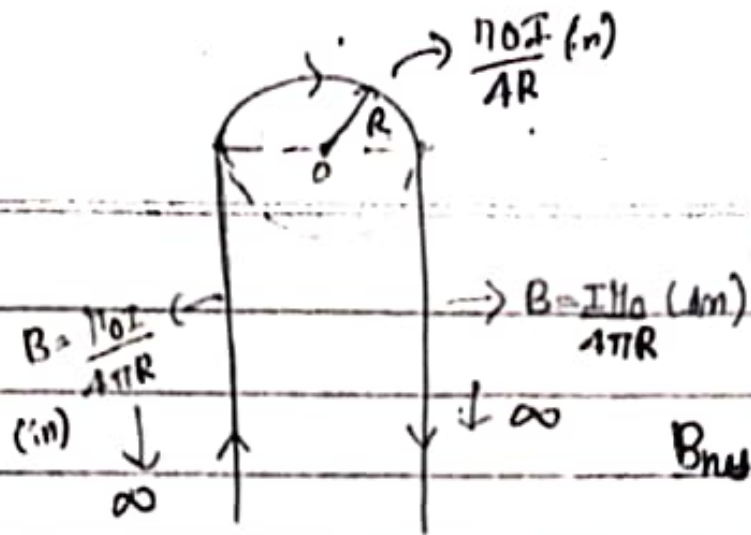
(2)



$$B = \frac{I \mu_0}{4R} + \frac{I \mu_0}{4\pi R}$$

$$= \frac{I \mu_0}{4R} \left(\frac{\pi + 1}{\pi} \right)$$

(3)

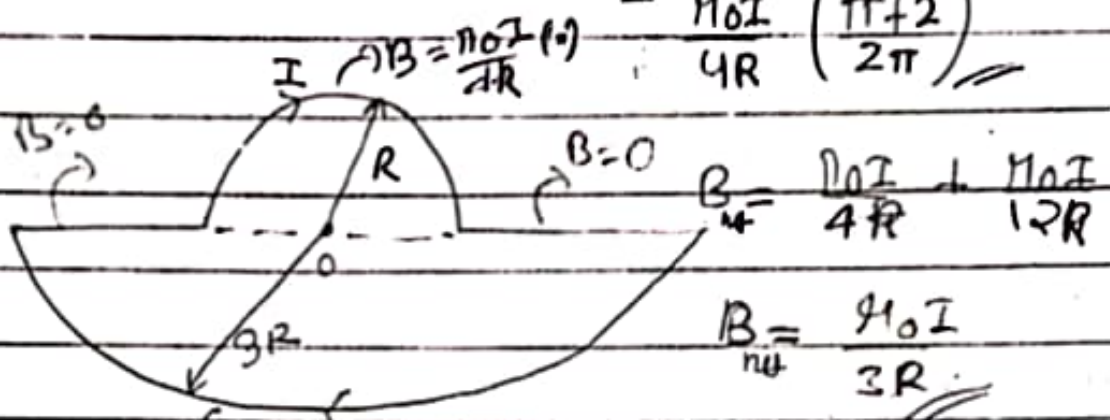


$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi R}$
(in)

$B = \frac{\mu_0 I \alpha}{4\pi R}$

$B_{net} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4R} + \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi R}$

(4)

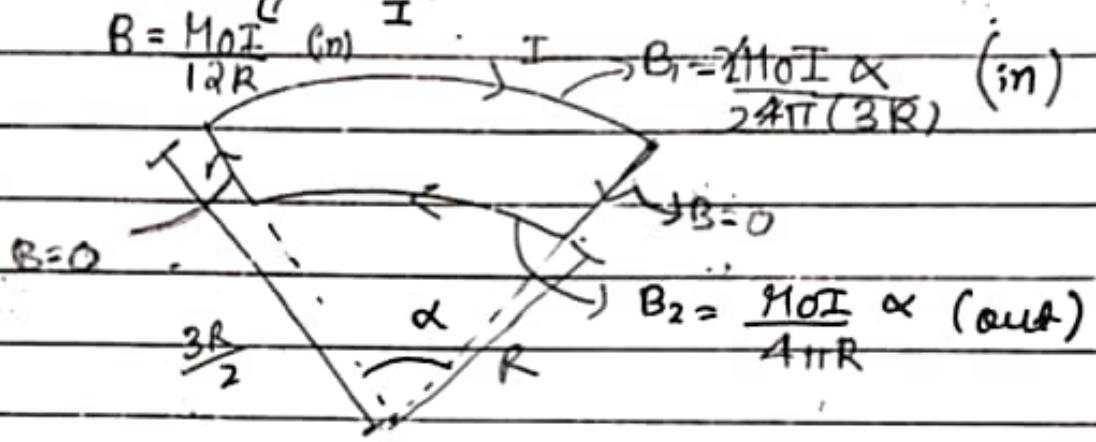


$= \frac{\mu_0 I}{4R} \left(\frac{\pi+2}{2\pi} \right)$

$B_{net} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4R} + \frac{\mu_0 I}{12R}$

$B_{net} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{3R}$

(5)



$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{12R}$ (in)

$B_1 = \frac{2\mu_0 I \alpha}{24\pi(3R)}$ (in)

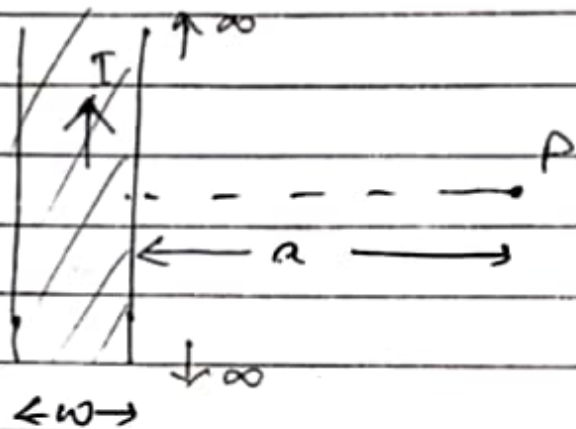
$B_2 = \frac{\mu_0 I \alpha}{4\pi R}$ (out)

$B_{net} = -\frac{2\mu_0 I \alpha}{4\pi 3R} + \frac{\mu_0 I \alpha}{4\pi R}$

$= \frac{3\mu_0 I \alpha}{1 \times 3 \times \pi \times R} - \frac{2\mu_0 I \alpha}{4\pi R}$

$B_{net} = \frac{\mu_0 I \alpha}{12\pi R}$

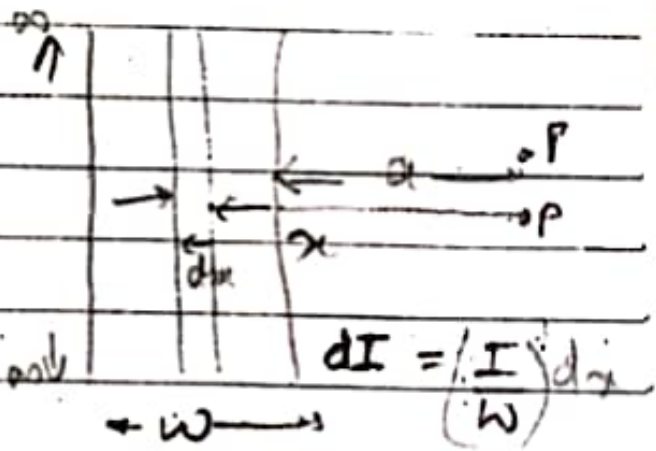
Q A large metal sheet of width w carries a current I (uniformly distributed in its width), find magnetic field at point P which lies in plane of sheet.



$$\textcircled{e} \quad dB = \frac{\mu_0 I dI}{4\pi r} \times 2$$

$$dB = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \left(\frac{dI}{W} \right) dx$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi W} \int_0^{a+W} \frac{dx}{r}$$



$$= \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi W} \ln \left(\frac{a+W}{a} \right)$$