Ethylene can be prepared in good yield by A) $CH_3CH_2N^+(CH_3)_3I^- \stackrel{heat}{\longrightarrow} CH_2 = CH_2 + (CH_3)_2N + HI$ B) $CH_3CH_2N^+(CH_3)_3OH^- \stackrel{heat}{\longrightarrow} CH_2 = CH_2 + (CH_3)_3N + H_2O$ C) Both [a] and [b] D) $CH_3CH_2NH_2 \xrightarrow{heat} CH_2 = CH_2 + NH_3$ Correct Answer: B Solution: [b] This is an example of Hofmann elimination which generally takes place by $m{E_2}$ mechanism and the latter requires a strong base (recall that OH^- is a strong base than I^-). The NH_2^- , being a strong base, can't be eliminiated easily.