

Question 14:

Using integration, find the area of the region bounded by the line $2y = 5x + 7$, x-axis and the lines $x = 2$ and $x = 8$.

Solution:

To find area bounded by x-axis and

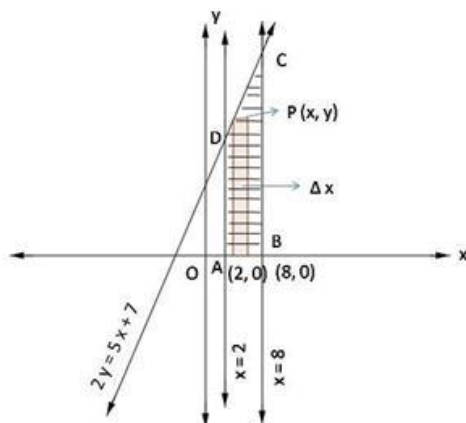
$$2y = 5x + 7 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$x = 2 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$x = 8 \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

Equation (1) represents line passing through $(-\frac{7}{5}, 0)$ and $(0, \frac{7}{2})$ equation (2), (3) shows line parallel to y-axis passing through $(2, 0)$, $(8, 0)$ respectively.

A rough sketch of curves is as below:-



Shaded region represents the required area. We slice the region into approximation rectangles of Width = Δx and length = y

Area of the rectangle = $y \Delta x$.

This approximation rectangle slides from $x = 2$ to $x = 8$, so

Required area = (Region ABCDA)

$$= \int_2^8 \left(\frac{5x + 7}{2} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{5x^2}{2} + 7x \right)_2^8$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\frac{5(8)^2}{2} + 7(8) \right) - \left(\frac{5(2)^2}{2} + 7(2) \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [(160 + 56) - (10 + 14)]$$

$$= \frac{192}{2}$$

Required area = 96 square units