

➔ The rate constant, the activation energy and the arrhenius parameter of a chemical reaction at 25°C are $3.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}^{-1}$, $104.4 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ and $6.0 \times 10^{14} \text{ s}^{-1}$ respectively. The value of the rate constant as $T \rightarrow \infty$ is [IIT 1996]

- A) $2.0 \times 10^{18} \text{ s}^{-1}$
 B) $6.0 \times 10^{14} \text{ s}^{-1}$
 C) Infinity
 D) $3.6 \times 10^{30} \text{ s}^{-1}$

Correct Answer: B

Solution :

$$T_2 = T(\text{say}), T = 25^{\circ}\text{C} = 298\text{K}, \quad E_a = 104.4 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} = 104.4 \times 10^3 \text{ J mol}^{-1}$$

$$K_1 = 3 \times 10^{-4}, \quad K_2 = 6.0 \times 10^{14}, \quad \log \frac{K_2}{K_1} = \frac{E_a}{2.303R} \left[\frac{1}{T_1} - \frac{1}{T_2} \right]$$

$$\log \frac{K_2}{3 \times 10^{-4}} = \frac{104.4 \times 10^3 \text{ J mol}^{-1}}{2.303 \times (8.314 \text{ J k}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1})} \left[\frac{1}{298\text{K}} - \frac{1}{T} \right] \quad \text{As } T \rightarrow \infty, \frac{1}{T} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\therefore \log \frac{K_2}{3 \times 10^{-4}} = \frac{104.4 \times 10^3 \text{ J mol}^{-1}}{2.303 \times 8.314 \times 298} \quad \log \frac{K_2}{3 \times 10^{-4}} = 18.297, \quad \frac{K_2}{3 \times 10^{-4}} = 1.98 \times 10^{18} \text{ or}$$

$$K_2 = (1.98 \times 10^{18}) \times (3 \times 10^{-4}) = 6 \times 10^{14} \text{ s}^{-1}$$