4. In each of the following cases, find a and b.

(i) 
$$(2a + b, a - b) = (8, 3)$$

(ii) 
$$(a/4, a - 2b) = (0, 6 + b)$$

Solution:

(i)

According to the question,

$$(2a + b, a - b) = (8, 3)$$

Given the ordered pairs are equal, so corresponding elements will be equal.

Hence,

$$2a + b = 8$$
 and  $a-b = 3$ 

Now a-b=3

$$\Rightarrow a = 3 + b$$

Substituting the value of a in the equation 2a + b = 8,

We get,

$$2(3 + b) + b = 8$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 6 + 2b + b = 8

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3b = 8-6 = 2

$$\Rightarrow$$
 b = 2/3

Substituting the value of b in equation (a-b = 3),

We get,

$$\Rightarrow$$
 a - 2/3 = 3

$$\Rightarrow$$
 a = 3 + 2/3

$$\Rightarrow$$
 a = (9 + 2)/3

$$\Rightarrow$$
 a = 11/3

Hence the value of a = 11/3 and b = 2/3 respectively.

NOTE: Use similar approach for part (ii) for practice.