

**Q.13** A  $5.0 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$  aqueous solution of KCl has a conductance of  $0.55 \text{ mS}$  when measured in a cell of cell constant  $1.3 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . The molar conductivity of this solution is \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{mSm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$ . (Round off to the Nearest Integer).

**16th March Evening Shift 2021**

**Ans 13.**

$$\text{Conductance} = \frac{\text{Conductivity}}{\text{Cell constant}}$$

$$\therefore \text{Conductivity} = 0.55 \times 10^{-3} \times 1.3 \text{ S cm}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Molar conductivity} = \frac{\text{Conductivity (S cm}^{-1}) \times 1000}{\text{Molarity (mol/L)}}$$

$$= \frac{0.55 \times 10^{-3} \times 1.3 \times 100}{5 \times 10^{-3}}$$

$$= 143 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$$

$$= 14.3 \text{ mS m}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$$

$$\approx 14 \text{ mS m}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$$