## (Question 1)

Show that the family of curves for which the slope of the tangent at any point (x, y) on it is

$$\frac{x^2 + y^2}{2xy}$$
, is given by  $x^2 - y^2 = cx$ .

## Solution

We know that the slope of the tangent at any point on a curve is dy/dx. Therefore,

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{2xy}$$

or

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1 + \frac{y^2}{x^2}}{\frac{2y}{x}} \dots (1)$$

Clearly, (1) is a homogenous differential equation. To solve it we make substitution

$$y = vx$$

.

Differentiating y = vx with respect to x, we get

$$dy / dx = v + x (dv / dx)$$
$$v + x (dv / dx) = (1 + v2) / 2v$$

or

or 
$$x(dv/dx) = (1 - v^2)/2v$$
  
 $(2v / v^2 - 1) dv = dx / x$ 

or 
$$(2v/(v^2 - 1)) dv = -dx/x$$

Therefore 
$$\int (2v/(v^2 - 1)) = -\int (1/x) dx$$

Or 
$$\log |v^2 - 1| = -\log |x| + \log |C1|$$

$$\log | (v^{2} - 1) (x) | = \log |C1|$$
$$(v^{2} - 1) x = \pm C1$$

or or

Replacing v by y x , we get

$$\left(\frac{y^2}{x^2} - 1\right)x = \pm C_1$$
  
(y<sup>2</sup> - x<sup>2</sup>) = ± C<sub>1</sub> x or x<sup>2</sup> - y<sup>2</sup> = Cx