

The area of the region between the curves $y = \sqrt{\frac{1+\sin x}{\cos x}}$ and

$y = \sqrt{\frac{1-\sin x}{\cos x}}$ bounded by the lines $x=0$ and $x=\frac{\pi}{4}$ is

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(a) $\int_0^{\sqrt{2}-1} \frac{t}{(1+t^2)\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt$

(b) $\int_0^{\sqrt{2}-1} \frac{4t}{(1+t^2)\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt$

(c) $\int_0^{\sqrt{2}+1} \frac{4t}{(1+t^2)\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt$

(d) $\int_0^{\sqrt{2}+1} \frac{t}{(1+t^2)\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt$

solution:

(b) Area = $\int_0^{\pi/4} \left[\sqrt{\frac{1+\sin x}{\cos x}} - \sqrt{\frac{1-\sin x}{\cos x}} \right]$

$$\int_{/4}^{/4} \left(\sqrt{\frac{1+\tan \frac{x}{2}}{1-\tan \frac{x}{2}}} - \sqrt{\frac{1-\tan \frac{x}{2}}{1+\tan \frac{x}{2}}} \right) dx$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{2 \tan \frac{x}{2}}{\sqrt{1-\tan^2 \frac{x}{2}}} dx$$

Let $\tan \frac{x}{2} = t \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \sec^2 \frac{x}{2} dx = dt \Rightarrow dx = \frac{2}{1+t^2} dt$

When $x=0$, then $t=0$ and when $x=\frac{\pi}{4}$, then $t=\tan \frac{\pi}{8}$

$$\therefore A = \int_0^{\tan \frac{\pi}{8}} \frac{4t}{(1+t^2)\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt = \int_0^{\sqrt{2}-1} \frac{4t}{(1+t^2)\sqrt{1-t^2}} dt$$