

**Q. 1** Two charged particles traverse identical helical paths in a completely opposite sense in a uniform magnetic field  $\mathbf{B} = B_0 \hat{\mathbf{k}}$ .

- (a) They have equal z-components of momenta
- (b) They must have equal charges
- (c) They necessarily represent a particle, anti-particle pair
- (d) The charge to mass ratio satisfy

$$\left(\frac{e}{m}\right)_1 + \left(\frac{e}{m}\right)_2 = 0$$

### K Thinking Process

*The uniqueness of helical path is determined by its pitch which is given by*

$$\text{Pitch} = \frac{2\pi m v \cos\theta}{qB}$$

**Ans. (d)** For given pitch  $d$  correspond to charge particle, we have

$$\frac{q}{m} = \frac{2\pi v \cos\theta}{qB} = \text{constant}$$

Since, charged particles traverse identical helical paths in a completely opposite sense in a uniform magnetic field  $\mathbf{B}$ , LHS for two particles should be same and of opposite sign. Therefore,

$$\left(\frac{e}{m}\right)_1 + \left(\frac{e}{m}\right)_2 = 0$$

**Note** Consider  $e$  in place of  $q$  in solution.