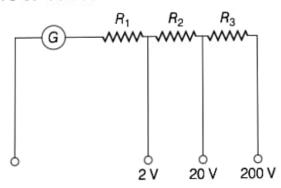
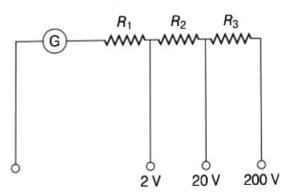
**Q. 21**A multirange voltmeter can be constructed by using a galvanometer circuit as shown in figure. We want to construct a voltmeter that can measure 2V, 20V and 200V using a galvanometer of resistance  $10\Omega$  and that produces maximum deflection for current of 1 mA. Find  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  that have to be used.



## K Thinking Process

A galvanometer can be converted into voltmeter by connecting a very high resistance wire connected in series with galvanometer. The relationship is given by  $I_g$  (G+R)=V where  $I_g$  is range of galvanometer, G is resistance of galvanometer and R is resistance of wire connected in series with galvanometer.

## Ans.



Applying expression in different situations

For 
$$i_G (G + R_1) = 2$$
 for 2V range  
For  $i_G (G + R_1 + R_2) = 20$  for 20V range  
and For  $i_G (G + R_1 + R_2 + R_3) = 200$  for 200V range

On solving, we get  $R_1$  = 1990  $\Omega$ ,  $R_2$  = 18k  $\Omega$  and  $R_3$  = 180 k  $\Omega$ .