

37- Consider the observations a , b and c such that $b = a+c$. If the standard deviation of $a+2, b+2, c+2$ is d then which of the following is true?

- ① $b^2 = 3(a^2 + c^2) + 9d^2$
- ② $b^2 = a^2 + c^2 + 3d^2$
- ③ $b^2 = 3(a^2 + c^2 + d^2)$
- ④ $b^2 = 3(a^2 + c^2) - 9d^2$

$$\Rightarrow \text{For } a, b, c, \text{ mean} = \frac{a+b+c}{3} = \bar{x}$$

$$b = a+c$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{x} = \frac{2b}{3}$$

$$\text{S.D.}(a+2, b+2, c+2)$$

$$= \text{S.D.}(a, b, c) = d$$

$$\Rightarrow d^2 = \frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}{3} - (\bar{x})^2$$

$$= \frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}{3} - \frac{4b^2}{9}$$

$$\Rightarrow 9d^2 = 3(a^2 + b^2 + c^2) - 4b^2$$

$$\Rightarrow b^2 = 3(a^2 + c^2) - 9d^2$$