

## **Practice Questions**

**Q2.** The equation of the circle having centre (1, -2) and passing through the point of intersection of the lines 3x + y = 14 and 2x + 5y = 18 is

- 1.  $x^{2} + y^{2} 2x + 4y 20 = 0$ 2.  $x^{2} + y^{2} - 2x - 4y - 20 = 0$ 3.  $x^{2} + y^{2} + 2x - 4y - 20 = 0$
- 4.  $x^2 + y^2 + 2x + 4y 20 = 0$

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**S2.** Note that to get intersection point of two lines we just need to solve two linear equation problem.

$$3x + y - 14 = 0$$
$$2x + 5y - 18 = 0$$

This gives us intersection point: x = 4, y = 2. Now radius of circle is:

$$r^{2} = (4-1)^{2} + (2+2)^{2}$$
$$= 9 + 16 = 25$$

We have radius = 5. Then c in general form is,

$$c = g^{2} + f^{2} - r^{2}$$
  
= (-1)<sup>2</sup> + (2)<sup>2</sup> - 25 = -20

So general form is,

$$x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y - 20 = 0$$

Hence option (1) is right.