Related Problems

A monochromatic light with a wavelength of λ = 600 nm passes through a single slit which has a width of 0.800 mm. (a) What is the distance between the slit and the screen be located if the first minimum in the diffraction pattern is at a distance 1.00 mm from the center of the screen? (b) Calculate the width of the central maximum.

Solutions:

(a) The general condition for destructive interference is

$$\sin \theta = m \lambda/a$$
 $m = \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3 \dots$

(b) For small θ , we employ the approximation $\sin\theta \approx \tan\theta = y/L$, which yields y m L a $\lambda \approx 14\text{-}15$

The first minimum corresponds to m = 1.