## **Exemplar Problems**

Q12.When sodium is dissolved in liquid ammonia, a solution of deep blue colour is obtained. The colour of the solution is due to

- (a) ammoniated electron
- (b) sodium ion
- (c) sodium amide
- (d) ammoniated sodium ion

Sol: (a)M+(x+y)NH<sub>3</sub> $\rightarrow$  M<sup>+</sup>(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>x</sub> + e<sup>-</sup>(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>y</sub>

The colour of solution (deep blue) is due to the ammoniated electron which absorbs energy in the visible region.