A signal of 0.1 kW is transmitted in a cable. The attenuation of cable is -5 dB per km

and cable length is 20 km. The power received at receiver is 10^{-x} W. The value of x is

[Gain in
$$dB = 10 \mathrm{log}_{10} \left(rac{P_o}{P_i}
ight)$$
]

Given, power of transmitted signal, $P_i = 0.1 \text{ kW} = 0.1 \times 10^3 \text{W} = 10^2 \text{ W}$

Rate of attenuation, $R = -5 \, dB/km$

Length of cable, I = 20 km

Power received at receiver, $P_x = 10^{-x} W$

Total loss, β = R × I = $-5 \times 20 = -100 \text{ dB}$

$$\therefore$$
 Gain (β) = $10\log_{10}\frac{P_0}{P_i}$

 $\therefore \beta = -100 = -10\log_{10}\frac{P_0}{P_i}$

$$\Rightarrow -10 = \log_{10} rac{P_0}{P_i} \Rightarrow 10^{-10} = rac{P_0}{P_i}$$

 $\Rightarrow P_0 = 10^{-10} P_i = 10^{-10} \times 10^2 = 10^{-8} \Rightarrow P_0 = 10^{-8} V$

Hence, x = 8