Q2. Following data is given for the reaction:

 $\text{CaCO}_3(s) \rightarrow \text{CaO}(s) + \text{CO}_2(g)$ 

 $\Delta_f H^\circ$  [CaO(s)] = -635.1 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>

 $\Delta_{\rm f} {\rm H}^{\circ} \left[ {\rm CO}_{\rm z}({\rm g}) \right] = -393.5 \ {\rm kJ \ mol^{-1}}$ 

 $\Delta_{\rm f}$ H° [CaC0<sub>3</sub>(s)] = -1206.9 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>

Predict the effect of temperature on the equilibrium constant of the above reaction.

**Sol:**  $\Delta_r H^\circ = \Delta_f H^\circ$  [CaO] +  $\Delta_f H^\circ$  [CO<sub>2</sub>] -  $\Delta_f H^\circ$  [CaCO<sub>3</sub>]

= [-635.1] + [-393.5] - [-1206.9] = 178.3 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> Thus, the reaction is endothermic. Hence, according to Le Chatelier's principle, on increasing the temperature, the equilibrium will proceed in the forward direction.